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Rare Roses, Nut, Fruit Trees

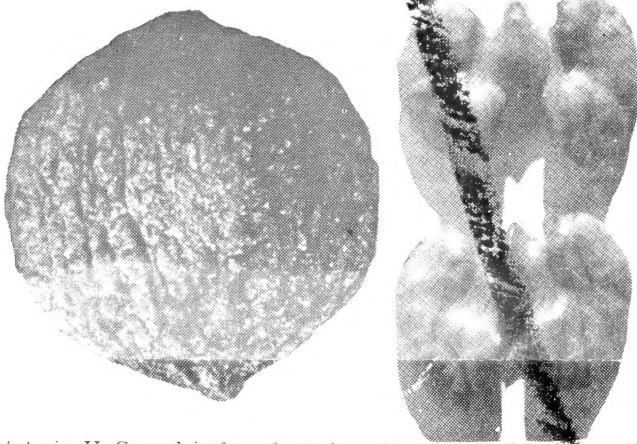
TREES ARE SCARCE
ORDER EARLY!

NO C. O. D.'s

NO MAIL SHIPMENTS
EXPRESS ONLY!

Black Walnut

(THIN SHELL)



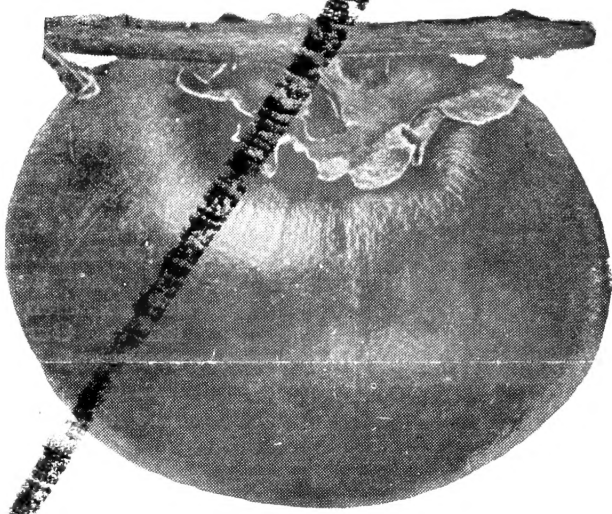
Thomas—Largest, thin-shell. Black Walnut known. Usually bears second year planted. The kernels have same flavor as common walnut and sell for \$1.50 per pound. The shell cracks easily, and kernels peel out 90% whole halves. The nut measures nearly 2 inches across. This tree is a fast grower and its timber is very valuable for furniture. Our small size nut trees grow off faster and have better chance to live than large size trees. Set trees 50 ft. x 50 ft. apart. This walnut grows in every state in U. S. and is free from insects so far. Plant the wild Walnut for pollination purposes. Thomas makes fine shade tree, too.

Prices on THOMAS WALNUTS

SIZE	1 to 9 TREES	10 OR MORE
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.75 each	\$1.60 each

Oriental Persimmon

(GIANT SIZE)



Fuyu—A large bright red tomato shaped persimmon. Edible a month before ripe—no pucker at all. Fine for use in any way you use a peach—the flesh is sweet, juicy, and firm—dice them up and put in ice cream puddings, etc. Bears second year planted, prolific—the finest persimmon known.

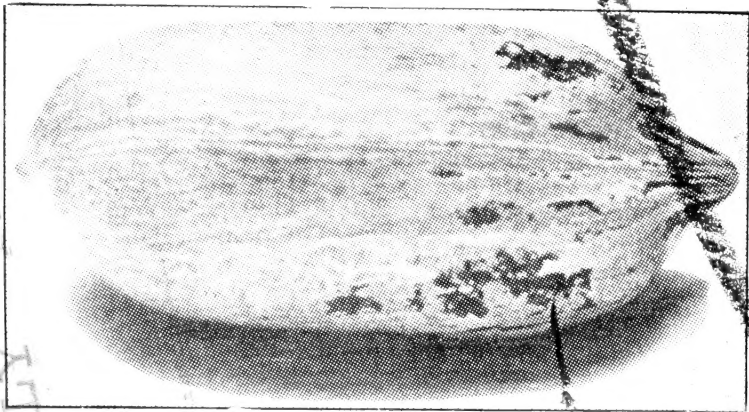
Tane-Nashi—A very large horn shaped persimmon, measures about 3 inches across, pale yellow, prolific. Our persimmons ripen October and attract everyone's attention if planted in front yard. Plant Tane-Nashi with Fuyu to make better pollination.

Prices on PERSIMMONS

SIZE	1 OR MORE TREES
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.30 each

Madam X Pecan

(OR MEYHUN)



This is the largest and finest pecan known. Nuts are about 2½ inches long and an inch across. Very thin shell and nearly all kernel. Nuts have fine flavor and sell for 50c per pound anywhere. Begin bearing 3 to 5 years. Grows much faster than Stuart or Success. Set trees 60x60 feet apart. Grows as far north as Missouri. Plant Madam X for quick results.

Prices on MADAM X PECAN

SIZE	1 TO 9 TREES	10 OR MORE
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.65 each	\$1.50 each

Fine Pears

May Pear—Only early pear known to blossom in April, ripens in May and June. Our largest and finest flavored pear for both eating and canning.

2 to 3 ft. size ---- \$1.00 each

Large Sugar Pear—5-year tree at right shown bearing a fine crop. Ripens in September. Small core, sweet flesh of apple odor. Eating, canning. No blight yet.

2 to 3 ft. size ---- 80c each



Caco Grape

THE FINEST GRAPE KNOWN!

This excellent grape is one of the most beautiful in color of any grape known. The color is a deep red wine color; the berries are large and bunches of good size. Ripens a week or ten days before Concord.

It is so rich in sugar that it has an excellent flavor two weeks before it is fully ripe. The vine is a very strong, vigorous grower, healthy and prolific; the most productive of any grape grown in our experimental vineyards. This is the only grape grown in the U. S. that makes both good wine and champagne, too. If your grape leaves turn yellow, apply 4 tablespoons to ½ pound of copperas to soil around vine trunk. This grape never cracks on the vine as many others do.

PRICES ON CACO GRAPE:

2 Year Bearing Size ---- 75c each

SPLIT-PROOF FIG

(CELESTE HYBRID)

This "Split-Proof" fig will not crack open and sour in wet or damp weather like other varieties. It is a cross between Celeste and an Asiatic fig. The fig is slightly larger than Celeste, and has same habits of growth, except it will stand more cold and is ever bearing. The fig is pearshaped, bronze color, and sweet. Only TWO trees sold to each customer this year on account of scarcity!

18 to 24 inch size ---- \$1.00 each

TEXAS PROLIFIC FIG

This fig resembles New Delta Fig and runs a close second in prolific bearing. It has same growing habits as the Celeste, except that the fruit is more delicious. Finest on earth for eating fresh; has sweet-acid flavor! It is a fast seller, so place your order early!

18 to 24 inch size ---- 70c each

PEACH

Red Bird Cling—Very early, ripens June 1st, large as Elberta, bright red color, firm flesh. Tops all others on the early market.

Early Elberta—Ripens 10 days before Elberta. More roundish and sweeter. Freestone.

Prices, 2 to 3 ft. ---- 60c each

PLUM

Giant Hybrid—Sometimes larger than a turkey egg. Fast grower. Often blooms first year. Ripens in July. Green and purple color. Small seed, firm flesh, prolific.

Prices, 2 to 3 ft. ---- 60c each

APPLE

Red Jonathan—A very fine apple, red skin, nearly white flesh. Crisp, tender, aromatic. Late fall ripening.

Red Delicious—All red skin and too well known to describe. Fall ripening.

Price, 2 to 3 ft. ---- 60c each

➔ ★ YOUR ORDER must amount to \$2.80 or more, because of scarce labor and high costs. You and your neighbors can go in and order together. Our terms are: CASH with order. All trees shipped by "Collect Express" only. No C.O.D. shipments, so write us your nearest express office address. Our trees are free of disease when shipped. Planting instructions sent with each order.

REFERENCE:—MR. STEVE BURWELL, Deposit Guaranty Bank, Jackson, Miss. TREES THAT DIE FIRST YEAR REPLACED AT HALF PRICE. "SATISFACTION GUARANTEED"

New Delta Nursery

Route 4,
Jackson, Mississippi

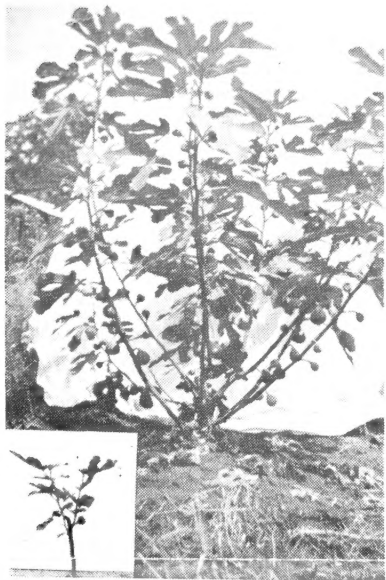
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KEEP THIS CIRCULAR
FOR PLANTING GUIDE

NEW DELTA FIG

Commonly called "Coldproof" fig because even if cold kills limbs, it sprouts out from roots and sets fruit the following spring. This fig bears on one year wood first year planted.

TRUE FACTS



The small picture of one year fig plant in lower left corner was taken in March; large picture above of same plant was taken in August. Note large figs ripening on lower limbs. Note fig on little tree in small picture.

Our New Delta Fig is fine for commercial as well as home use. This new fig can be dried, treated with Sulphur Dioxide, packed in barrels and shipped all over the world for food. This fig is growing fine in all states from Southern parts of Maryland, Illinois, Oklahoma, California, and Southward.

★ If your temperature does not go below zero in winter, then cut fig limbs back to 10 inches high and cover remaining stubs with dirt, straw, or leaves 6 inches above tips of stubs during late October or early November before frost—remove this protection following spring when danger of frost is over. If your temperature goes below zero, then pile dirt over the stubs 1 to 3 feet deep, then lay on 4 inches of leaves, then 4 inches of grass over the leaves. Our new fig does not need frost protection in frost-free sections of South Florida, Texas and California—they grow into large trees there.

A customer in Texas earns \$300.00 per acre by packing the figs in quart strawberry boxes for retail grocery trade—12½ cents per quart.

The fig is large, straw colored, thin skin, yellowish pink meat, finest flavor, sweet, prolific—leaves have 1 to 2 figs attached—Grows 5 to 7 feet tall first season—Skin rarely ever cracks open—Ripens August thru October.

★ We will sell **ONE** or more fig trees provided you purchase other plants listed on our circular; otherwise, not less than 4 sold.

RETAIL PRICES

4 to 99 Trees, 18 to 24 inch size	70c each
100 or more Trees	60c each
WHOLESALE to NURSERIES and DEALERS	
50 to 999 trees	43c each
1,000 or more trees	35c each

★ No C. O. D. shipments. Terms are: **CASH**. Trees shipped collect express only. Write us your nearest express address. Other terms on opposite side of this circular. Before shipping, we prune all trees properly for planting.

Write us postcard for names and addresses of numerous satisfied customers.

PLANTING AND CARE

Plant trees anytime from November 1st to March 15th. **THE EARLIER, THE BETTER.** Figs grow on any soil, but do best on well drained fertile soil containing some lime—they also need plenty of moisture and humus in soil.

Plant trees 14x14 feet apart, 222 trees per acre. Our one year old trees are 1 to 2 feet size, and these small trees grow off very fast.

★ Plant when weather is not freezing—never let roots get dry nor frozen—keep them wet. Dig a hole 2 feet square and 18 inches deep—pour large bucket of water in hole—set tree in hole and throw surface soil to roots at once. Set tree same depth it stood in nursery—tamp down earth around roots firmly.

★ If "fast growth" is desired, dig hole 6 inches deeper—throw in 2 or 3 pounds of any good fertilizer, then cover it with 4 inches of gravel or clay—tamp down firm, then proceed to set out tree as described above. If roots freeze in transit, the plants may not live. Use same method planting on any other trees except pecan which needs deeper hole in the center with post hole digger for tap root.

About April 1st apply fertilizer and lime as follows. Take a hoe and scrape up dirt over space of 1 or 2 feet square and 1 inch in depth in 4 shapes spaced equal distances apart around tree. Begin 12 inches away from tree and apply 1 pound of manure or 4-8-4 fertilizer in one space and same in space opposite this space. Then apply 2 pounds limestone or hydrated lime in each of the two remaining spaces. Then use hoe and pull dirt back over fertilizers. Or you can drive or drill 1 inch diameter holes 1 foot in depth in spaces described and fill with fertilizer and lime. Repeat these operations every spring.

Write for canning formula from U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., Farm Bulletin No. 1031.

Thoroughly water the trees very often during the first growing season. Shallow cultivation 1 or 2 inches deep with rake or hoe is O. K.; keep grass and weeds away from trees to a distance of 6 feet out.

★ Soil applications of 2 pounds acid phosphate or phosphoric acid about August 1st ripens figs early. Yield is increased if you bend limbs to ground, stake them down, then throw dirt over whole tree before frost in fall; remove dirt in spring and straighten up limbs.

Leaf rust or rust-brown spots on leaves damages crops in a few sections; control it by spraying when spots first occur and every 3 weeks for 3 months with 5-5-50 Bordeaux mixture, that is, 1 pound bluestone, 1 pound fresh lime and 10 gallons of water. Rake up and burn fallen leaves in fall.

S. J. Berger has tested this fig for 10 years. It tops all other figs in quality and yield.

MRS. JOE BERGER, Proprietor and Advertiser

S. J. BERGER, Bookkeeper and Shipper



My 4-year-old daughter has just finished a bowl of fresh New Delta figs and is shown smacking her lips. Melba Ann holds a jar of canned figs and a fig stem.

R-O-S-E-S

Healthy 2-year, field grown, budded, hybrid Tea Roses, 2 or 3 limbs, 12 inches or more in length. We list 10 most popular varieties. We sell one or more Rose Bushes provided you purchase other plants listed on our circular; otherwise, not less than \$2.80 worth sold. Plant roses Oct. 1st to April 15th. **THE EARLIER, THE BETTER.**

Pres. Hoover

Mixed Maroon, Orange and Gold—Very Pretty, Fragrant.

E. G. Hill

Massive Blooms, Rich Maroon, Very Beautiful, Fragrant and some people call it General MacArthur.

Price on Roses Below

4 or more, 80c each

4 or more, 80c each

4 or more, 70c each

RED

PINK

Etoile de Hollande—Fine Brilliant Red.
Red Radiance—Clear, Rosy Red.

Mrs. Charles Bell—Shell Pink.
Pink Radiance—Large, Brilliant Pink.

YELLOW

WHITE

Samburst—Rich Yellowish Orange.
Lady Hinchin—Apricot Yellow.

K. A. Victoria—Double, Pure White.
Frau K. Druschki—Pure White.

\$46.00 per 100 WHOLESALE PRICES \$450.00 per 1,000

Write U. S. Dept of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Farmers' bulletins No. 1547 and No. 750 which gives full information on Rose Culture.

PLANTING ROSES—Cut shoots to within 6 inches of ground. Dig hole 15 inches wide and 10 inches deep—set budded portion of bush 2 inches below ground level—pour in bucket of water—let this settle—put in more soil on roots—tamp down firm, then put in rest of soil and tamp down. If soil dries out easy, plant by "fast growth" method of fig planting as described above. Water plants when needed and cultivate soil with a digging fork—a thin top dressing of hardwood ashes on soil is helpful. **SPRAYING**—Aphis attacks shoots or buds. Thrips work on new growth too, usually on the flower. Spray with Garden Volck (obtained from seed houses) using 1 part to 32 parts water. If rose leaves turn yellow work into soil around bush, 2 to 5 tablespoons of copperas (iron sulphate).

SPECIAL

10 or more of any or all varieties listed at 65c each.

ORDER NOW!

Read Both Sides of This Circular

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NEW DELTA NURSERY

Telephone 3-5400

Route 4

Jackson, Mississippi

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"The Home of Rare Roses,
Nut and Fruit Trees."

TO

LIBRARY RECEIVED

★ FEB 13 1945 ★
U. S. Department of Agriculture

"THE HOME OF RARE ROSES, NUT AND FRUIT TREES"

POSTMASTER: This circular may be opened for postal inspection, if necessary.